

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Type: TT128 - TUBES: SDA + Chloramphenicol slanted.

BP257-100/200/400ml

PD080 - Polystyrene 90mm Petri dishes

Cat No. TT128 / BP257 / PD080 - SDA + CHLORAM.

Intended Use:

Selective isolation of saprophytic and pathogenic fungi.

Principle:

Sabouraud Dextrose Agar is a general-purpose medium used in the cultivation of yeasts, molds and aciduric microorganisms. It is also recommended for the testing of cosmetics and food. Culture media used in qualitative procedures for cultivation of pathogenic and nonpathogenic fungi, particularly dermatophytes associated with skin infection. Enzymatic Digest of Casein and Enzymatic Digest of Animal Tissue provide the nitrogen and vitamin sources required for organism growth in Sabouraud Dextrose Agar W/ Chloramphenicol. The high concentration of Dextrose is included as an energy source. Chloramphenicol is a broad-spectrum antibiotic inhibitory to a wide range of Gram-negative and Gram-positive bacteria. Agar is the solidifying agent. The addition of antimicrobics is a modification designed to increase bacterial inhibition, for the selective isolation and cultivation of fungi, particularly yeasts and molds. The addition of Chloramphenicol, an antibiotic, to the standard Sabouraud Dextrose Agar enhances the medium's selectivity by suppressing the growth of bacteria, allowing fungal organisms to thrive without competition. The low pH of approximately 5.6 is favorable for the growth of fungi and slightly inhibitory to contaminating bacteria in clinical specimens. General Chapters 61 and 62 of the USP describe test methods for using Sabouraud Dextrose Agar when performing the microbial enumeration tests and tests for isolating *Candida albicans* from nonsterile pharmaceutical products.

Composition

Peptic digest of Animal Tissue - 5g/L, Pancreatic digest of Casein - 5g/L, Dextrose - 40g/L, Agar - 15g/L Chloramphenicol - 0.3g/L

Storage: Tubes: 2-8°C Plates: 2-25°C

pH Range: 5.4 - 5.8 **Appearance:** light amber.

Package contents: 10 plates in a package, 20 tubes in a package

Package contents: **PD080** - Polystyrene 90mm Petri dishes packaged in sleeves of 10 plates in a "breathable" cellulose bag that prevents build-up of condensation and excess moisture.

Exp. Date: Printed on label and on the item.

Required materials not supplied: Laboratory equipment as required.

Implementation Date: 13/09/2023

Version Number: 01

Warning and Precautions - For professional use only. Follow good microbiological lab practices while handling specimens and culture. Do not use Petri dishes if they show evidence of microbial contamination, discoloration, drying, cracking, or other signs of deterioration. Avoid freezing and overheating. The Petri Dishes may be used / inoculated up to the expiration date and incubated for the recommended incubation times. After use and prior to discarding, specimen containers and all contaminated material, including the used culture media and contaminated culture containers, must be sterilized or incinerated by validated procedures. Since the nutritional requirements of organisms vary, some strains may be encountered that fail to grow or grow poorly on this medium.

If excessive moisture is observed, invert the bottom over an off-set lid and allow to air dry in order to prevent formation of a seal between the top and bottom of the plate during incubation. Storage Instructions: On receipt, store plates in the dark at 2–8 °C. Avoid freezing and overheating. Do not open until ready to use.

Waste Disposal

After interpretation all items should be destroyed by standard incineration methods.

Performance Testing Results:

TT128 Tubes:

Streaking From Fresh Colony Culture.

MICROORGANISM	ATCC	Incubation Temp. (°C)	Incubation Cond.	Reaction 1
Candida albicans	10231	20-25 °C	Aerobic, 3-5 days	Good
Trichophyton rubrum	WS	20-25 °C	Aerobic, 3-5 days	Good, White mycelium
Aspergillus brasiliensis	16404	20-25 °C	Aerobic, 3-5 days	Good
Escherichia coli	25922	20-25 °C	Aerobic, 3-5 days	Inhibited
Staphylococcus aureus	25923	20-25 °C	Aerobic, 3-5 days	Inhibited
Staphylococcus aureus	29213	20-25 °C	Aerobic, 3-5 days	Inhibited

Acceptance criteria

Physical parameters: the batch is released if item meets physical parameters and SOP requirements.

Results: Test results conform acceptance criteria requirements.

BP257 Bottles:

TEST	ATCC	Incubation Temp. (°C)	Incubation Cond.	Reaction 1
Candida albicans	10231	20-25 °C	Aerobic, 3-5 days	Pass
Saccharomyces cerevisiae	9763	20-25 °C	Aerobic, 3-5 days	Pass
Penicillium expansum	7861	20-25 °C	Aerobic, 3-5 days	Pass
Aspergillus brasiliensis	16404	20-25 °C	Aerobic, 3-5 days	Pass With spores
Staphylococcus aureus	25923	20-25 °C	Aerobic, 3-5 days	Inhibited
Escherichia coli	25922	20-25 °C	Aerobic, 3-5 days	Inhibited

Acceptance criteria

- 1. Performance: the batch is released if color and morphology of the colonies meet QC requirements.

 Pass: for target organisms actual count correlates from 70% upwards to the count on control.

 For inhibited organisms: no growth detected.
- 2. Sterility: the batch is released if item meets sterility SOP requirements

Implementation Date: 13/09/2023

Version Number: 01

PD080/DW:

GPT: Inoculum 10-100 cfu

Inhibitory properties: inoculum 10000 cfu

TEST	ATCC	Incubation Temp. (°C)	Incubation Cond.	Reaction 1				
Trichophyton rubrum	WS	20-25 °C	Aerobic, up to 5 days	Good				
Penicillium notatum	10108	20-25 °C	Aerobic, up to 5 days	Pass				
Aspergillus brasiliensis	16404	20-25 °C	Aerobic, up to 5 days	Pass				
Candida albicans	10231	20-25 °C	Aerobic, up to 5 days	Pass				
Saccharomyces cerevisiae	9763	20-25 °C	Aerobic, up to 5 days	Pass				
Escherichia coli	25922	20-25 °C	Aerobic, up to 5 days	Inhibited				
Staphylococcus aureus	25923	20-25 °C	Aerobic, up to 5 days	Inhibited				
Candida albicans.	10231	30-35 °C	Aerobic, 24 hours	Pass				

Acceptance criteria

1. Performance: the batch is released if microbial count from minimum inoculum correlates to that on control medium inoculated parallelly.

The acceptance criteria are at least 70% recovery.

^{*}Yeasts grow creamy to white colonies.

^{*}Molds will grow as filamentous colonies of various colors